Problems 2: Point Processes

- 1. Data are recorded showing the time of occurrence of every third event from a Poisson process of rate λ . Recording started at the time of occurrence of an event:
 - (a) What is the distribution of T_i , i = 1, ..., n, the time between the (i 1)th and *i*th event?
 - (b) What is the distribution of W_n , the total time to the *n*th event?
- 2. Given a Poisson process with rate λ , what is the distribution of the time between the *i*th and *j*th (j > i) events?
- 3. Data are recorded showing the time of occurrence of every second event from a process in which the inter-event time is $\chi^2(1)$. What is the distribution of the recorded process?
- 4. Which of the following probability statements about a continuous time point process are true, where X(t) = number of events at time t and W_n = time the nth event occurs?
 - (a) $P(W_n > t) = P(X(t) < n).$
 - (b) $P(W_n > t) = P(X(t) \le n).$
 - (c) $P(W_n > t) = P(X(t) < n+1).$
 - (d) $P(W_n \le t) = P(X(t) > n).$
 - (e) $P(W_n \le t) = P(X(t) \ge n).$
- 5. Customers arrive at a bank according to a Poisson process at a mean rate of 10 per minute. 60% of the customers wish to withdraw money (type A), 30% wish to pay in money (type B), and 10% wish to do something else.
 - (a) What is the probability that more than 5 customers arrive in 30 seconds?
 - (b) What is the probability that in 1 minute, 6 type A customers, 3 type B customers, and 1 type C customers arrive?
 - (c) If 20 customers arrive in 2 minutes, what is the probability that just one wants to carry out a type C transaction?

- (d) What is the probability that the first 3 customers arriving require only to make a type A transaction?
- (e) How long a time will elapse until there is a probability of 0.9 that at least one customer of type A and one of type B will have arrived? (you will need to solve this numerically).
- 6. A bank opens at 10.00am and customers arrive according to a non-homogeneous Poisson process at a rate 10(1 + 2t), measured in hours, starting from 10.00.
 - (a) What is the probability that two customers have arrived by 10.05?
 - (b) What is the probability that 6 customers arrive between 10.45 and 11.00?
 - (c) What is the probability that more than 50 customers arrive between 11.00 and 12.00?
 - (d) What is the median time to the first arrival after the bank opens?
 - (e) By what time is there a probability of 0.95 that the first customer after 11.00 will have arrived?
- 7. Give a compound Poisson process X(t) in which situations arise according to a Poisson process with rate λt and for which the number of events which occur at the *i*th situation is a random variable Y_i , with mean μ and variance σ^2 , derive the variance of the number of events which will have occurred by time t.
- 8. Show that the index of dispersion for a non-homogeneous Poisson process is 1.
- 9. Suppose that cars arrive at an airport according to a Poisson process with rate λ , and that the number of people in a car has a binomial distribution Binomial(4, p). What are the mean and variance of the number of people who have arrived by time t?
- 10. A person makes shopping expeditions according to a Poisson process with rate λ. The number of purchases he makes is distributed according to a geometric distribution G₁(p). What are the mean and variance of the number of purchases made in time t?
- 11. Derive the index of dispersion for a compound Poisson process in which Y, the number of occurrences at each compound event, is distributed as
 - (a) $G_0(p)$.
 - (b) $Poisson(\mu)$.