# M3/M4S3 STATISTICAL THEORY II

# COURSE SUMMARY

# 1. ASYMPTOTIC THEORY

#### 1.1 Basic Mathematical Tools and Notation

- limits, order notation
- continuity, limits of functions
- supremum, infimum
- limit superior, limit inferior

### 1.2 **Probability Spaces**

- Sigma Algebras
- Measure Spaces
- Borel sets in  $\mathbb{R}$
- Measure and its properties : continuity of measure
- Measurable functions
- Indicator Functions
- Representation Theorem using Simple Functions
- Properties of Borel functions

#### 1.3 Integration

- Integral with respect to measure: Lebesgue-Stieltjes Integration
- Simple Functions and their integrals
- Integrals of Borel functions: The Supremum Definition, existence and integrability
- Sets of measure zero and almost sure/almost everywhere existence
- Basic Properties of integrals with respect to measure

#### 1.4 Theorems and Results for Lebesgue-Stieltjes Integration

- Lebesgue Monotone Convergence (Proof not examinable)
- Fatou's Lemma (**Proof not examinable**)
- Lebesgue Dominated Convergence (**Proof not examinable**)
- Product Measure and *Fubini's Theorem* (**Proof not examinable**)
- Application to expectation calculations

# 1.5 Convergence for Random Variables

- Convergence in Law
- Convergence in Probability
- Convergence in  $r^{th}$  mean
- Convergence almost surely
- Theorem: Equivalence of almost sure convergence definitions
- Theorem: Relations between the modes of convergence
- Theorem: Partial Converses (eg Scheffe's Theorem)
- Theorem: The Borel-Cantelli Lemma

# 1.6 Laws of Large Numbers

- Characteristic Functions and their properties
- Mean-Value Theorem and Taylor Theorem
- Theorem: The Weak and Strong Laws
- Consistency
- The empirical distribution function
- Theorem: The Glivenko Cantelli Lemma

### 1.7 Central Limit Theorems

- Theorem: The basic (Lindeberg-Levy) CLT
- Cramer-Wold device
- Helly-Bray Theorem
- Continuity Theorem
- Asymptotic Normality
- Berry-Esseen Result
- Theorem: The Lindeberg-Feller CLT for non-iid case (statement not proof)
- Slutsky Theorems
- Cramer's Theorem (for transformed variables)
- The Chi-square statistic and its distribution
- Theorem: Asymptotic Distribution of Sample Quantiles

#### 2. Likelihood Theory and Extensions

#### 2.1 Extending the Strong Law

• The Le Cam Results on Uniform Strong Consistency

#### 2.2 Maximum Likelihood Estimation

- Basic MLE approach
- Solutions to the Likelihood Equations
- Kullback-Liebler divergence
- Theorem: Properties of the KL divergence
- Theorem: Wald Theorem on the Consistency of the MLE (Proof assuming Le Cam (B))
- Efficient Estimation: Score Function and Fisher Information

# 2.3 Asymptotic Normality of the MLE

• Theorem: Cramer Theorem on the Asymptotic Normality of the MLE (Proof assuming Le Cam/Wald Theorems)

# 2.4 The Cramer-Rao Bound

- Theorem: The Information Inequality and the Cramer-Rao bound
- Nuisance Parameters

# 2.5 Likelihood-Based Hypothesis Tests

- Likelihood-Ratio Statistic
- Wald Statistic
- Rao/Score Statistic
- Asymptotic Distributions under the null hypothesis
- Composite Null Hypotheses and Nuisance Parameters

# 2.6 Modified Likelihoods

- Partitioning the Information matrix in the presence of nuisance parameters
- Orthogonality
- Profile Likelihood
- Approximation formulae
- Connections with likelihood-ratio tests
- Modified Profile Likelihood
- Marginal and Conditional Likelihood
- Quasi-Likelihood

# 3. Bayesian Theory

# 3.1 Simple Bayesian Computations

# 3.2 Representation Theorems

- Theorem: The 0-1 representation theorem
- The General Representation Theorem

# 3.3 Asymptotic Normality of the Posterior Distribution